

# Safety Data Sheet

Issue Date: 15-Jan-2011	Revision Date: 06-Dec-2017		vers	sion
	1. IDENTIFICATION			
Product Identifier				
Product Name	Badger Propellant Can			
Other means of identification SDS #	NAP00023			
UN/ID No	UN1030			
Recommended use of the chemic	al and restrictions on use			
Recommended Use	Used for kitchen and bath refinishing.			
Details of the supplier of the safe	v data sheet			
Manufacturer Address North America Polymer Company, L 7315 Hamlin Ave Skokie, IL 60076 USA <u>Emergency Telephone Number</u> Company Phone Number Emergency Telephone (24 hr)	td. 800-888-1081 / 847-779-6464 INFOTRAC 1-352-323-3500 (International) 1-800-535-5053 (North America)			
	2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION			
Appearance Aerosols	Physical state Compressed Gas		Odor Slig	ht eth
<u>Classification</u>			C	
		Cotorony 4		
Flammable Aerosols Gases Under Pressure		Category 1 Compressed Gas		
<u>Signal Word</u> Danger				
Extremely flammable aerosol Pressurized container: May burst if h Contains gas under pressure; may e				
Precautionary Statements - Preve Keep away from heat/sparks/open fl	<u>ntion</u> ames/hot surfaces. — No smoking			

Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source

## Precautionary Statements - Storage

Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Weight-%
1,1 difluoroethane	75-37-6	100

\*\*If Chemical Name/CAS No is "proprietary" and/or Weight-% is listed as a range, the specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.\*\*

## **4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### First Aid Measures

General Advice	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.
Eye Contact	Immediately flush with plenty of water for up to 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.
Skin Contact	Take off contaminated clothing. Flush area with luke warm water. Do not use hot water. If frostbite has occurred, call a physician.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. Remove from exposure, lie down. Keep patient warm and at rest. Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary. Call a physician.
Ingestion	Not an expected route of exposure.
Most important symptoms and effe	<u>cts</u>

Symptoms Excessive inhalation may produce dizziness, nausea, headache, and incoordination. Higher exposure may lead to irritation of nose, throat, and lungs with cough, difficulty breathing or shortness of breath, temporary alteration of the heart's electrical activity with irregular pulse, palpitations, or inadequate circulation, or abnormal kidney function. Anaesthetic effects, light headedness, confusion, drowsiness, or unconsciousness, irregular heartbeat with strange sensation, heart thumping, apprehension, feeling of fainting or weakness.

## Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Notes to Physician** Because of possible disturbances of cardiac rhythm, catecholamine drugs, such as epinephrine, that may be used in situations of emergency life support should be used with special caution.

## **5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol foam.

#### Unsuitable Extinguishing Media Not determined.

#### Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable. Cylinders are equipped with temperature and pressure relief devices but may still rupture under fire conditions. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

#### Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Wear neoprene gloves when handling refuse from fire. Cool containers/ tanks with water spray. During emergency conditions, overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. If gas exiting container ignites, stop flow of gas. Do not put out the fire unless leak can be stopped immediately. As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) is required if containers rupture and contents are released under fire condition.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal Precautions	Review Fire Fighting Measures and Handling (Personnel) sections before proceeding with clean up. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Wear appropriate protective clothing and equipment to prevent contact. Ventilate affected area. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Environmental precautions	
Environmental precautions	Should not be released into the environment.
Methods and material for containm	ent and cleaning up
Methods for Containment	If a spill can cause a concentration in excess of 1,000 ppm, turn off valves and ignition sources. Evacuate area. Ventilate area, especially low places where heavy vapors might collect.
Methods for Clean-Up	If this product is spilled and not recovered, or is recovered as a waste for treatment or disposal, the CERCLA Reportable Quantity is 100 lbs. (Release of an Unlisted Hazardous Waste with the Characteristic of Ignitability).

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

## Precautions for safe handling

Advice on Safe Handling	Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Lines and equipment should be pre-tested with nitrogen using soapy water to detect leaks. Handle in accordance with good industrial
	hygiene and safety practice. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the floor and in the bottom of containers. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked
	lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking. Use non-sparking tools. Take measures to prevent the
	buildup of electrostatic charge. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
	Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

## Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions	Keep container tightly closed and store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place. Keep/store
	only in original container. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122°F.

## Incompatible Materials Alkali metals. Powdered or alkaline earth metals. Powdered metal salts.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

## Exposure Guidelines

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
1,1 difluoroethane	TWA: 1000 ppm	-	-
75-37-6			

## Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Controls	Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical equipment rated Class I, Group D in Division 1 locations. In Division 2 locations, all spark-producing electrical equipment must be explosion-proof and rated Class I, Group D. Ground all equipment and cylinders before use.	
Individual protection measures, s	uch as personal protective equipment	
Eye/Face Protection	Splash goggles or safety glasses. Face Mask.	
Skin and Body Protection	Fire protective clothing (NOMEX) with antistatic control should be worn when handling this product. Wear protective gloves and protective clothing. heat insulated gloves and impervious gloves.	
<b>Respiratory Protection</b>	For rescue and maintenance work in storage tanks use self-contained breathing apparatus.	
Concrel Hygiana Concideratio	ne Handle in appardance with good industrial bugians and apfatu practice	

General Hygiene Considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

## Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Appearance Color	Compressed Gas Aerosols Clear	Odor Odor Threshold	Slight ether Not determined
<u>Property</u> pH	<u>Values</u> neutral	Remarks • Method	
Melting Point/Freezing Point Boiling Point/Boiling Range Flash Point Evaporation Rate Flammability (Solid, Gas) Flammability Limits in Air	Not determined -25 °C / -13 °F < -50 °C / < -58 °F Not determined Not determined	@ 1013 hPa	
Upper Flammability Limits	16.9 vol%		
Lower Flammability Limit	3.9 vol%		
Vapor Pressure	5960 hPa	@ 25 °C (77 °F)	
Vapor Density	2.4 @ 25 °C (77 °F)	(Air=1)	
Relative Density Water Solubility	Not determined 0.2 g/l	@ 25 °C (77 °F) at 1,013	2 hDo
Solubility in other solvents Partition Coefficient Auto-ignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature Kinematic Viscosity Dynamic Viscosity Explosive Properties Oxidizing Properties	Not determined Not determined 454 °C / 849 °F Not determined Not determined Not determined Not determined Not determined		o IIFa

# **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

## **Reactivity**

Not reactive under normal conditions.

## **Chemical Stability**

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

## Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None under normal processing.

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

#### Conditions to Avoid

Avoid high temperatures. Open flames.

#### **Incompatible Materials**

Alkali metals. Powdered or alkaline earth metals. Powdered metal salts.

## **Hazardous Decomposition Products**

Hydrofluoric acid. Carbonyl fluoride.

Product Information

## **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

Product mormation	
Eye Contact	Avoid contact with eyes. Contact with liquid or refrigerated gas can cause cold burns and frostbite.
Skin Contact	Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Contact with liquid or refrigerated gas can cause cold burns and frostbite.
Inhalation	Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling contents may be harmful or fatal.
Ingestion	Not an expected route of exposure.

## **Component Information**

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
1,1 difluoroethane	-	-	= 977 g/m <sup>3</sup> (mouse) 2h
75-37-6			

#### Information on physical, chemical and toxicological effects

**Symptoms** Excessive inhalation may produce dizziness, nausea, headache, and incoordination. Higher exposure may lead to irritation of nose, throat, and lungs with cough, difficulty breathing or shortness of breath, temporary alteration of the heart's electrical activity with irregular pulse, palpitations, or inadequate circulation, or abnormal kidney function. Anaesthetic effects, light headedness, confusion, drowsiness, or unconsciousness, irregular heartbeat with strange sensation, heart thumping, apprehension, feeling of fainting or weakness.

## Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

#### Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenic potential is unknown.

## **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **Ecotoxicity**

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

#### Persistence/Degradability

Not determined.

#### Bioaccumulation Not determined.

<u>Mobility</u>

Not determined

Other Adverse Effects Not determined

## **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### Waste Treatment Methods

**Disposal of Wastes** Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

**Contaminated Packaging** Can be used after re-conditioning. Reclaim by distillation, incinerate, orremove to permitted waste facility. Comply with applicable Federal,State/Provincial and Local Regulations. May be a RCRA Hazardous waste due to the ignitability characteristic. Empty pressure vessels should be returned to the supplier.

## **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### Note

DOT

Please see current shipping paper for most up to date shipping information, including exemptions and special circumstances.

UN/ID No	UN1030
Proper Shipping Name	1,1-Difluoroethane
Hazard Class	2.1
IATA_	Cargo Aircraft only
UN/ID No	UN1030
Proper Shipping Name	1,1-Difluoroethane
Hazard Class	2.1
<u>IMDG</u> UN/ID No Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class	UN1030 1,1-Difluoroethane 2.1

## **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### International Inventories

Chemical Name	TSCA	DSL/NDSL	EINECS/E LINCS	ENCS	IECSC	KECL	PICCS	AICS
1,1 difluoroethane	Х	Х	Х	Present	Х	Present	Х	Х

#### Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

**ENCS** - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

#### US Federal Regulations

## **CERCLA**

This material, as supplied, does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous substances under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302) or the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) (40 CFR 355).

## SARA 313

Not determined

## CWA (Clean Water Act)

This product does not contain any substances regulated as pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42)

#### US State Regulations

## **California Proposition 65**

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals.

## U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
1,1 difluoroethane	Х	X	
75-37-6			

## **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

NFPA	Health Hazards	Flammability
	Not determined	Not determined
HMIS	Health Hazards	Flammability
	1	4

Instability Not determined Physical hazards Special Hazards Not determined Personal Protection Not determined

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## **Disclaimer**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

#### End of Safety Data Sheet